Introduction

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Aspects of language explored by linguistics

Individual

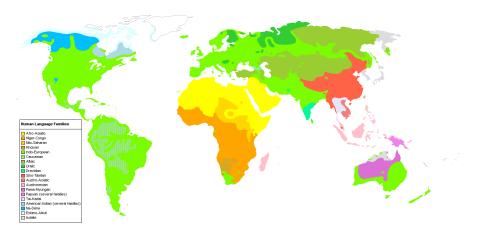
- Social
 - Synchronic (at a moment in time)
 - Diachronic (change over time)
- Formal
 - Phonology
 - Morphology
 - Syntax
 - Semantics
- Relations to biology (species; individual development)

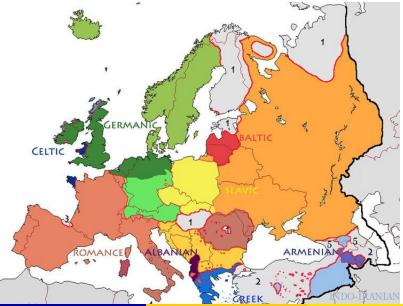
- Language in the world today: How many? Ethnologue currently lists 6,909.
- Dialects
- Language families

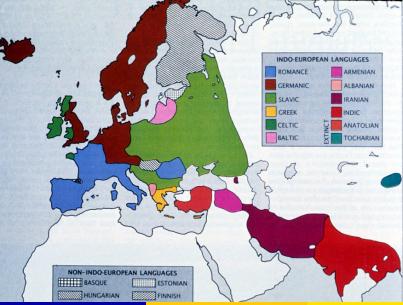
Ethnologue "language criteria": not just a linguistic matter

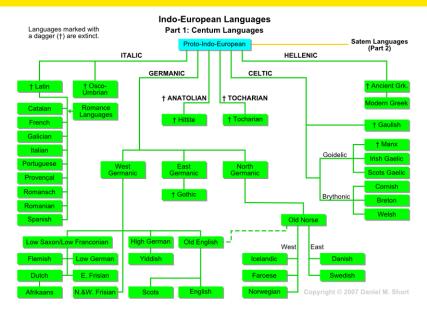
- Two related varieties are normally considered varieties of the same language [dialects] if speakers of each variety have inherent understanding of the other variety at a **functional** level (that is, can understand based on knowledge of their own variety without needing to learn the other variety).
 - Ex: British/American/Australian etc. English
- 2 Where spoken intelligibility between varieties is marginal, **the existence of a common literature or of a common ethnolinguistic identity** with a central variety that both understand can be a strong indicator that they should nevertheless be considered varieties of the same language.
 - Ex: Arabic
- Where there is enough intelligibility between varieties to enable communication, the existence of well-established distinct ethnolinguistic identities can be a strong indicator that they should nevertheless be considered to be different languages.
 - Ex: Norwegian/Swedish/Danish, Bosnian/Serbian/Croatian...

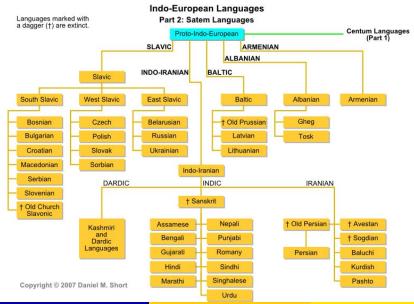
World language families



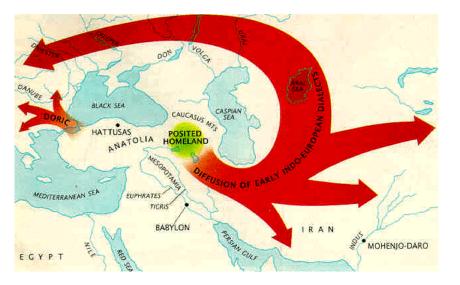








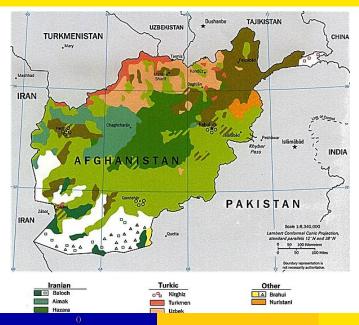
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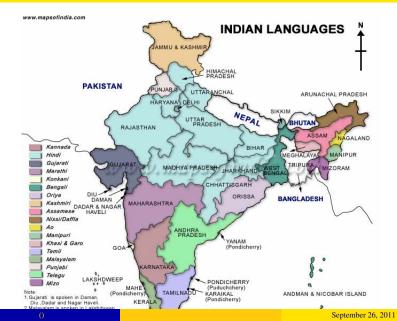
Indo-Iranian



Languages of Afghanistan

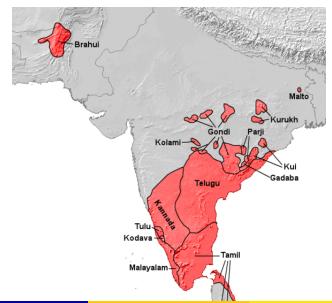


Languages of the Indian subcontinent



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Dravidian languages

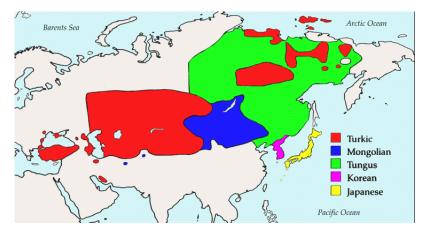


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Uralic languages



Altaic languages



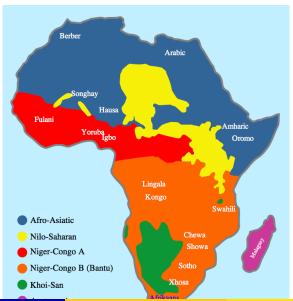
Turkic languages



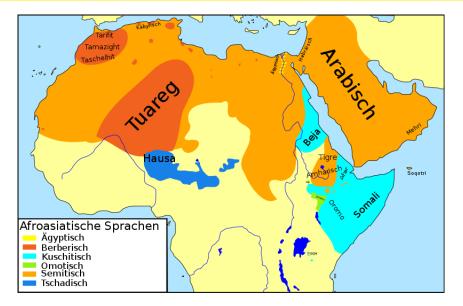
Languages of the Caucausus



Languages of Africa



Afro-Asiatic languages

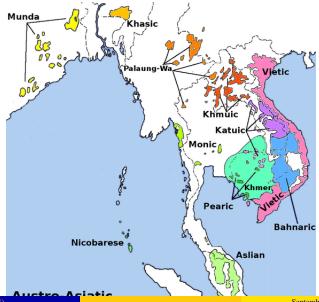


Sino-Tibetan languages



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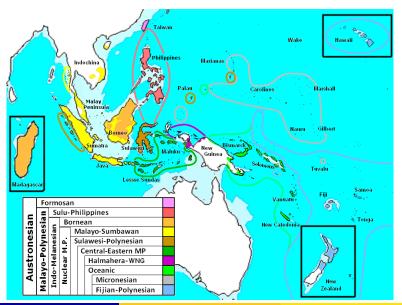
Austroasiatic languages



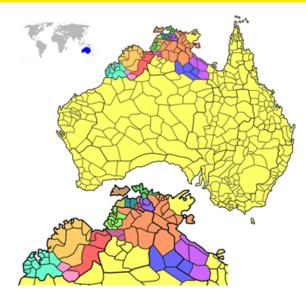
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Austronesian languages



Languages of Australia



- That which is not Austronesian or Australian
- The most linguistically diverse region in the world??
- 800+ languages in 20+ families

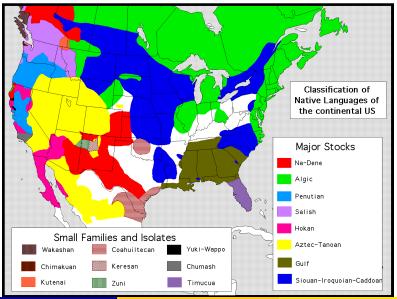
Papuan languages – East & West New Britian



Pre-contact languages of North America



Pre-contact languages of North America



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Indigenous languages of Mexico



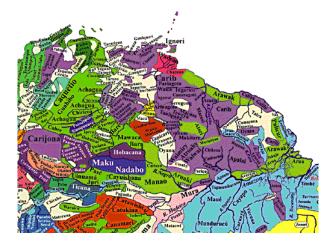
Post-contact languages of South America



Pre-contact languages of South America



Languages of Amazonia



- Basque (Spain, France)
- Burushaski (Pakistan)
- Ainu (Hokkaido, Sakhalin, Kuril Islands)

Other language type often not on these maps

• Pidgins and creoles

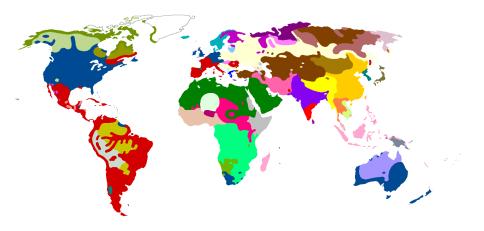
• Signed languages (ASL [American Sign Language], BSL, LSQ, etc.)

Top 20 most-spoken languages, in millions of native speakers

1	Mandarin	845
2	Spanish	329
3	English	328
4	Hindi-Urdu	240
5	Arabic	206
6	Bengali	181
7	Portuguese	178
8	Russian	144
9	Japanese	122
10	Punjabi	109

German	90	11
Javanese	85	12
Wu (Shanghaiese)	77	13
Telugu	70	14
French	68	15
Vietnamese	69	16
Korean	66	17
Tamil	66	18
Italian	62	19
Yue (Cantonese)	56	20

Languages of the World, again



The end

S, V, O: S(ubject), O(bject), V(erb)

- How many ways might subject, object, and verb combine?
 - Sam likes raisins. (SVO)
 - 2 Sam raisins likes. (SOV)
 - Likes Sam raisins. (VSO)
 - Likes raisins Sam. (VOS)
 - 8 Raisins Sam likes. (OSV)
 - Saisins likes Sam. (OVS)
- How often is each type attested? All maps and data from World Atlas of Language Structures database online.

